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United States District Court
Southern District of Texas
FILED

JAN 12 2011

David J. Bradley, Clerk of Court

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
HOUSTON DIVISION

STEPHON WIGGINS,)	
)	
PLAINTIFF,)	
)	CASE NO. 4:10-cv-04209
)	
)	COMPLAINT
vs.)	
)	
)	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL HEALTH SYSTEM)	
)	
DEFENDANT)	

PLAINTIFF'S SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, STEPHON WIGGINS, (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), by and through his attorneys, alleges the following against Defendant, ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL HEALTH SYSTEM (hereinafter, "Defendant"):

1. This action is brought pursuant to Title V11 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. §2000e, et seq.) The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked to secure protection of and redress deprivation of rights guaranteed by federal law, which rights provide for injunctive and other relief for sexual harassment, and illegal discrimination in employment.

A. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This Court has jurisdiction, because this action arises under Title V11 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §2000e et esq.; and venue is proper in the Houston Division of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this judicial district.

B. THE PARTIES

3. Plaintiff, STEPHON WIGGINS is an adult, male and a citizen of the United States who currently resides in Houston, Harris County, Texas. Plaintiff is responsibly married with children, and maintains a stable and healthy family.
4. Defendant, ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL HEALTH SYSTEM, is an employer and entity doing business in Houston, Harris County, Texas. Defendant is, and at all times relevant hereto, a Texas corporation, with its principal place of business in Houston, Harris County, Texas. Relative to the jurisdictional requirements of Title V11, at all times relevant thereto, Defendant engaged in an industry affecting commerce and employed more than five hundred (500) regular employees."

C. FACTS

5. Plaintiff was employed by Defendant in October of 1996 as a cleaner; and by the year 2010 (in about 14 years), plaintiff diligently and conscientiously, worked his way up to the position of a senior admitting interviewer. He worked in a unit where he was the only male employee among several female employees. Plaintiff maintained regular excellent annual performance job evaluations.

Plaintiff was a diligent and conscientious employee in the course of his employment, and in discharging his duties while employed at Defendant's facility at the medical center in Downtown, Houston. About July of 2009, some female employees in his unit began using unwelcome innuendos, and other verbal conduct of a sexual nature toward plaintiff. Specifically, these female employees made sexually offensive comments of "the size of his 'shoes,' the size of his butts, the size of his 'thing,'" and other offensive verbal conduct. He subsequently, and properly (in accordance with existing procedures), reported his woes and agonies to the Vice President, Mr. Bill Brosius, and the human resource personnel, Debora Mahannah. These, although were in positions to stop plaintiff's agonies, miseries, and frustrations, chose to do nothing. When nothing was being done to alleviate plaintiff's miseries, as a responsibly married man, he proceeded to reporting these incessant sexually offensive verbal conducts to his immediate manager, Mitchel Hilburn. Unfortunately, Mitchel Hilburn, like Bill Brosius and Debora Mahannah, also did nothing reasonable to stop plaintiff's agonies, and ensure he worked in a hostile-free environment. Defendant was under a legal duty to ensure safe, non-hostile, and non-offensive working environment to plaintiff. This unwelcome verbal conduct of a sexual nature was sufficiently severe or pervasive, and

unreasonably interfered with plaintiff's work performance, and actually resulted in an intimidating, hostile and offensive work environment to plaintiff. Rather than seek ways to protect plaintiff's rights and peace of mind in the work place, his manager, Debora Mahannah, Mitchel Hilburn and Bill Brosius engaged in witch-hunting activities against plaintiff, and used their powers to terminate plaintiff's employment with Defendant.

6. Defendant engaged in policies and practices which willfully, intentionally, and unlawfully discriminated against Plaintiff on the basis of his sex. These practices and policies include, but not limited to, retaliating against plaintiff for exercising a legally protected right of reporting alleged verbal conduct of a sexual nature toward him by female employee; and consequently, terminating his employment with Defendant.

D. CAUSES OF ACTION

Plaintiff seeks redress against Defendant for the following causes of action:

7. Sexual Harassment: The United States Supreme Court, in articulating its brilliant opinion in *Merito Savings Bank, FSB v. Vinson*, 477 U.S. 57, (1986), opined that, "in defining sexual harassment, the Guidelines first describe the kinds of work place conduct that may be actionable under Title VII. These include unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature. The Guidelines provide that such sexual misconduct constitutes prohibited sexual harassment, whether or not it is directly linked to the grant or denial of an economic quid pro quo, where such conduct has the purpose, or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment." Here, the sexual harassment was unwelcome, because Plaintiff complained and reported it to his superiors. Defendant knew or should have known of the harassment and failed to take prompt remedial actions to stop it. Plaintiff suffered loss of job, and consequently emotional distress as a result of Defendant's conduct.
8. Retaliation: Plaintiff engaged in a protected activity, when he reported the sexual harassment to his superiors at Defendant's facility. Plaintiff suffered adverse employment action by being terminated by defendant. Apparently, causal connection exists between Plaintiff's protected activity and the adverse employment action. Plaintiff's employment was terminated because he reported the harassment to his superiors. Plaintiff suffered damages as a result of Defendants retaliatory conduct; he suffered loss of employment, and consequently, severe emotional distress.

9. Intentional/Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress: Defendant engaged in extreme and outrageous conduct. Defendant engaged in this conduct negligently, or with the intent to cause harm, or in reckless disregard of the probability of causing plaintiff to suffer emotional distress. Plaintiff suffered emotional distress. Furthermore, Defendant's conduct caused Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress, or Defendant's negligence was a legal cause of plaintiff's severe emotional distress.

E. EXHAUSTION OF REMEDIES

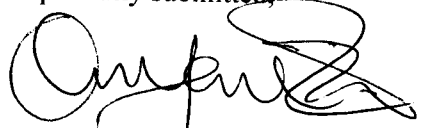
10. Plaintiff has filed a timely charge of discrimination with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission and has met all administrative prerequisites necessary to go forward with this law suit.

F. PRAYER

WHEREFORE PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiff requests that this honorable Court advance this case on the docket, order a hearing at the earliest practical date, and upon such hearing:

- (A) Issue an order awarding Plaintiff back pay, pre judgment interests, fringe benefits, and any other appropriate relief necessary to make Plaintiff whole and compensate him for the civil rights violations described above;
- (B) Award Plaintiff front pay, back pay, fringe benefits, and other compensation reasonably necessary to make him whole;
- (C) Award Plaintiff legal remedies in the amount of \$1,500,000 (One Million, Five Hundred US Dollars) to make him whole: and
- (D) Award Plaintiff the cost of this action, including reasonable attorney's fees, and such other legal and equitable relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,



ONYENEZI, CHUKWUKA FRANK

WSBA# 37145

FED. DIST. COURT ADMISSION NO. 609848

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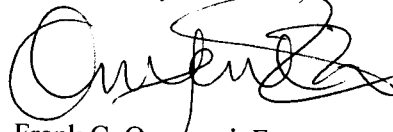
AMENDED COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This certifies that, I, Frank C. Onyenezi, on 1/12/11, mailed a copy of this Plaintiff's SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT to Defendant, St. Luke's Episcopal Health System, through its Counsel, Roshanda Williams, Esq. at Wells Fargo Plaza, 1000 Louisiana, suite 5400, Houston, Texas 77002-5013, via certified mail, return receipt requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Frank C. Onyenezi, Esq.

Attorney for Plaintiff